This Page is Inserted by IIFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

TADED TEXT OR DRAWING	
D BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING	
SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES	
COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS	
GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS	
LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT	
☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY	
OTHER:	

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.





UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/069,088	04/29/1998	SHENG LIANG	06502.0129-0	3016
22852	7590 10/05/2004		EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER		NGUYEN, VAN H		
LLP				
1300 I STREE	ET, NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20005		2126	-
			DATE MAILED: 10/05/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



-		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Dr./
Office Action Summary		09/069,088	LIANG, SHENG	X7"
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		VAN H NGUYEN	2126	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failu Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION mains of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated reply received by the Office later than three months after the mained patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r eply within the statutory minimum of thirt od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication	on.
Status				
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 6/2	<u>15/04</u> .		
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) TI	his action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the merits i	S
	closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Dispositi	on of Claims			
4) 🖾	Claim(s) 1-6,8-22 and 24-33 is/are pending	in the application.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
	Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-22 and 24-33</u> is/are rejected.		•	
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	I/or election requirement.		
Applicati	on Papers			
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.		
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•	· ·	
11)□	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the	-		d).
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
- <u>-</u>	•	an priority under 25 H C.C. S	440(a) (d) an (6)	
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei ☐ All b)	gn phonty under 35 0.5.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
u) _l	1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received		
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume		pplication No.	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr		— . — .	
	application from the International Bure		· ·	
* 9	See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not	received.	
Attachment	• •	_		
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date	,
3) 🔲 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-6, 8-22, and 24-33 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 1-6, 8-22, and 24-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jackson (U.S. 5,297,274).
- As to claims 1, 9, 17, and 25, Jackson teaches the invention substantially as claimed 4. including a method for time profiling multiple threads of execution corresponding to a program (see the abstract and col. 2, lines 20-30), comprising:

determining whether register data corresponding to a selected thread has changed from a previous interrupt of all of the threads; and providing an indication of the change for the selected thread (see the abstract and col.3, lines 33-54).

Jackson does not explicitly teach "periodically interrupting execution of all of the threads."

It would have been obvious to have applied the teaching of Jackson to include "periodically interrupting" in order to provide means for efficiently identifying areas of the application program requiring excessive execution time.

The fact that Jackson's teachings "insert a running thread program into the selected application which continuously generates breakpoint interrupts on a periodic basis (abstract and col.3, lines 40-44) and the use of generating breakpoint interrupts on a periodic basis in Jackson suggests "periodically interrupting."

5. As to claims 2, 10, and 18, Jackson teaches accessing stored data corresponding to the selected thread (col.2, lines 8-30).

Jackson does not explicitly teach "comparing the stored data with register information stored following a previous interrupt."

It would have been obvious to have applied the teaching of Jackson to include "comparing the stored data with register information stored following a previous interrupt" in order to provide means for efficiently identifying areas of the application program requiring excessive execution time.

The fact that Jackson's teachings "the current state of the selected application, including its location counter, is examined and stored. These stored indications of the state of the selected application are then utilized to automatically generate a report including a distribution of the execution times for the selected application" (col.2, lines 20-27) and the purpose of utilizing the stored indications of the state of the selected application to automatically generate a report in Jackson suggests "comparing the stored data with register information stored following a previous interrupt."

6. As to claims 3, 11, and 19, Jackson teaches computing a value corresponding to the stored data and determining a relationship between the computed value and the previously stored register information (col.2, lines 8-30 and col.3, lines 45-54).

Application/Control Number: 09/069,088

Art Unit: 2126

As to claims 4, 12, and 20, Jackson teaches updating a memory segment to reflect that the selected thread is running when it is determined that the computed value and the previously stored register information do not match (col.3, lines 45- 54 and col.4, lines 37-59).

- 8. As to claims 26 and 30, Jackson teaches assigning a cost indicator to an identified portion of the program that is active when it is determined that the selected thread is running (col.2, lines 8-30 and col.3, lines 45- 54).
- 9. As to claims 27 and 31, Jackson teaches the cost indicator reflects a number of cycles the selected thread was running in the identified portion of the program (col.2, lines 8-30 and col.3, lines 45-54).
- 10. As to claims 8, 16, and 24, the rejection of claims 1, 9, and 17 above is incorporated herein in full. Jackson, however, does not explicitly teach "indicates that the thread is running by comparing the information to stored information from previous interrupt of all threads."

It would have been obvious to have applied the teaching of Jackson to include "indicates that the thread is running by comparing the information to stored information from previous interrupt of all threads" in order to provide means for efficiently identifying areas of the application program requiring excessive execution time.

The fact that Jackson's teachings "each time a breakpoint interrupt is generated by the running thread program execution of the selected application is suspended and the current state of the selected application, including its location counter, is examined and stored. These stored indications of the state of the selected application are then utilized to automatically generate a report including a distribution of the execution times for the selected application" (col.2, lines 8-30) and the purpose of utilizing the stored indications of the state of the selected application to

Application/Control Number: 09/069,088 Page 5

Art Unit: 2126

automatically generate a report in Jackson suggests "comparing the stored data with register information stored following a previous interrupt."

- 11. As to claim 13, the rejection of claim 1 above is incorporated herein in full. Claim 13, Additionally, Jackson further teaches a multi-threaded program (see the abstract and col.2, lines 3-30).
- 11. As to claims 5 and 21, the rejection of claim 1 above is incorporated herein in full. Additionally, Jackson further teaches suspending execution of the multi-threaded program and retrieving register data corresponding to the selected thread (col.2, lines 16-30).
- 12. As to claims 6, 14, and 22 Jackson teaches updating the previous register information based on the computed value (col.2, lines 8-30 and col.3, lines 45-54).
- 13. As to claim 15, Jackson teaches providing an indication corresponding to a portion of the program containing the selected thread (see the abstract and col.2, lines 8-30).
- 14. As to claims 28 and 32, Jackson teaches the indicator reflects a number of cycles the selected thread was running in a portion of the program that is active when it is determined the selected thread is running (col.3, lines 9-44).
- 15. As to claims 29 and 33, Jackson teaches the cost indicator reflects a number of cycles the selected thread was running in the identified portion of the program (col.2, lines 8-30 and col.3, lines 45-54).

Page 6 Application/Control Number: 09/069,088

Art Unit: 2126

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed June 15, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not 16.

persuasive.

17. In the remarks, Applicant argued in substance that (1) Jackson does not teach determining

whether register data corresponding to a selected thread has changed from a previous interrupt of

all of the threads (2) the Examiner admits that Jackson does not teach "comparing the stored data

with register information stored following a previous interrupt"...the Examiner neither cites a

reference nor takes official notice to supply the missing teaching (3) Applicant can find no

teaching of "computing a value corresponding to the stored data and determining a relationship

between the computed value and the previously stored register information" in Jackson.

18. Examiner respectfully traverses Applicant's remarks:

A. As to point (1), the Examiner believes that Jackson's teachings "each time mole

program 36 generates a breakpoint the execution of application 30 is temporarily suspended and

monitor function 32 may be utilized to analyze the current state of the registers within

application 30 and determine where execution is taking place" (col.3, lines 45-49) do read on the

claimed limitations. By analyzing the current state of the registers, monitor program can

determine whether register data corresponding to a selected thread has changed from a previous

interrupt of all of the threads.

Art Unit: 2126

B. As to point (2), although the Examiner admits that Jackson does not explicitly teach "comparing the stored data with register information stored following a previous interrupt, the Examiner does point out the portion in Jackson that suggests the claimed limitations. Jackson must compare the stored indications of the state of the selected application to automatically generate a report including the execution times of the selected application.

C. As to point (3), the Examiner believes that Jackson's teachings "each time a breakpoint interrupt is generated by the running thread program execution of the selected application is suspended and the current state of the selected application, including its location counter, is examined and stored. These stored indications of the state of the selected application are then utilized to automatically generate a report including a distribution of the execution times for the selected application" (col.2, lines 20-27) do read on the claimed limitations. For generating a report including a distribution of the execution times, Jackson must compute the stored indications of the state of the selected application.

Conclusion

- 19. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - Grants et al. (U.S. 4070702) teaches "Contact histogram for programmable controller"
- 20. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

22. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to VAN H. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (703) 306 -5971. After mid-October, 2004, the examiner can be reached at (571) 272-3765. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:30AM - 6:00PM. The examiner can also be reached on alternative Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (703) 305-9678.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

Art Unit: 2126

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

VHN

MENG-AL T. AN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100